

fdrame

March 24, 2012

`design` *Experimental design*

Description

A vector of integers specifying for each column(sample) to which group number it belongs.

Usage

```
data(design)
```

Format

The format is: `num [1:16] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1`

Details

In the example above there are two groups. Each group contains 8 samples

Examples

```
data(design)
```

`exp.arr` *Normalized Expression Array*

Description

The source of this Data is a lipid metabolism study described and analyzed in Dudoit,S., Yang,Y.H, Callow,M.J. and Speed,T.P. (2002) Statistical Methods for Identifying Differentially Expressed Genes in Replicated cDNA Microarray Experiments. Stat Sinica, 12, 111-139.

Usage

```
data(exp.arr)
```

Format

The format is: num [1:6384, 1:16] -0.2500 0.0329 -0.2065 -0.2240 -0.8542 ... - attr(*, "dim-names")=List of 2 Each row represents a gene: chr [1:6384] "1" "2" "3" "4" ... Each column represents a sample : chr [1:16] "X1" "X2" "X3" "X4" ...

Details

The data is normalized.

Source

<http://www.stat.berkeley.edu/users/terry/zarray/Html/matt.html>

References

Reiner A, Yekutieli D, Benjamini Y: Identifying differentially expressed genes using false discovery rate controlling procedures. *Bioinformatics* 19:368-375, 2003

Examples

```
data(exp.arr)
```

fdr.gui

fdr.gui

Description

This function runs the fdrame Graphic User Interface.

Usage

```
fdr.gui()
```

Author(s)

Yoav Benjamini, Effi Kenigsberg, Anat Reiner, Daniel Yekutieli

References

Reiner A, Yekutieli D, Benjamini Y: Identifying differentially expressed genes using false discovery rate controlling procedures. *Bioinformatics* 19:368-375, 2003 Benjamini, Y., Krieger, A.M., Yekutieli, D. (2001) "Two Staged Linear Step Up FDR Controlling Procedure", Technical Report Department of Statistics and O.R., Tel Aviv University.

Examples

```
fdr.gui()
```

fdr.ma	<i>fdr.ma</i>
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Description

This function takes normalized expression data array, experimental design and computes adjusted p-values. It returns the fdr adjusted p-values and plots, according to the methods described in (Reiner, Yekutieli and Benjamini 2002)

Usage

```
fdr.ma(exp.arr, design, p.method="resampling", fdr.adj="BH-LSU", equal.var=TRUE, plot)
```

Arguments

<code>exp.arr</code>	A data frame or matrix, with m rows corresponding to the gene expression level of an observation and n columns to the observations. In the case of gene expression data, rows correspond to genes and columns to mRNA samples. The data can be read using 'read.table'. The matrix is as the X matrix in multtest package.
<code>design</code>	A vector of characters corresponding to observation (column) class labels. For k classes, the labels must be k different characters. The vector is similar to classlabel vector in multtest package.
<code>p.method</code>	A character string specifying whether resampling method may be used. If 'p.method="resampling"', resampling method is used. If 'p.method="theoretic"', statistic is computed without resampling.
<code>fdr.adj</code>	A character string specifying which type of p-value adjustment method may be used. If 'fdr.adj="BH-LSU"', Benjamini-Hochberg Linear Step Up procedure is used. If 'fdr.adj="point.est"', point estimation procedure is used.(p.method value must be "resampling") If 'fdr.adj="upper.est"', upper estimation procedure is used.(p.method value must be "resampling") If 'fdr.adj="adaptive"', two-stage adaptive procedure is used.
<code>equal.var</code>	A boolean variable specifying whether equal variance assumption may be taken. If TRUE, an equal group variances is assumed. If FALSE, welch approximation is used, for the unequal group variances
<code>plot</code>	A vector of character strings specifying the plots that may be drawn. If the vector contains "pvIVSrank", a plot of p-values vs rank is drawn. If the vector contains "adjVSrank", a plot of adjusted p-values vs rank is drawn. If the vector contains "adjVSstat", a plot of adjusted p-values vs computed statistic (f or t, depends depends on the number of groups on the design) is drawn.
<code>perms.num</code>	An integer specifying the number of permutations that would be used.

Value

A data frame with components

<code>adj</code>	adjusted p-values.
<code>dif</code>	When there are only two groups dif contains the differences between the means of the two groups. when there are more than two groups dif contains the multiple R-Squared values.
<code>res.pvalues</code>	resampling p-values. (in case resampling was requested)

Author(s)

Yoav Benjamini, Effi Kenigsberg, Anat Reiner, Daniel Yekutieli

References

Reiner A, Yekutieli D, Benjamini Y: Identifying differentially expressed genes using false discovery rate controlling procedures. *Bioinformatics* 19:368-375, 2003 Benjamini, Y., Krieger, A.M., Yekutieli, D. (2001) "Two Staged Linear Step Up FDR Controlling Procedure", Technical Report Department of Statistics and O.R., Tel Aviv University.

Examples

```
data(exp.arr, design)
output<-fdr.ma(exp.arr, design, p.method="theoretic", fdr.adj="BH-LSU", equal.var=TRUE, plot=c
```

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